

Department of the Environment

MDE Guidelines for Use of Class IV Reclaimed Water

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Presented at Chesapeake Water Environment Association Seminar on 6/12/2015





Outline

- MDE Guidelines for Use of Class IV Reclaimed Water
- Update of Use of Class IV Reclaimed Water in Maryland





MDE Guidelines for Use of Class IV Reclaimed Water



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MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

GUIDELINES FOR USE OF CLASS IV RECLAIMED WATER:

High Potential for Human Contact

MDE-WMA-002-07/15





Purpose and Scope of the Guidelines

- To provide additional approved uses for reclaimed water to promote water reuse.
- To apply only to use of Class IV reclaimed water generated from a centralized wastewater treatment plant.
- Not intended to address other non-potable water reuses such as graywater and rainwater which are addressed under applicable local plumbing codes.
- To guide the facility owner or operator of a water reclamation facility to produce or distribute Class IV reclaimed water for proper use without compromising public health and environmental quality protections.





Classes of Reclaimed Water In Maryland

• Categorized into four water quality Classes (I-IV).

• Use of each class is based on the level of treatment (or quality) attained.





Reclaimed Water Quality Standards

<u>Parameter</u>	Slow Rate Irrigation For Restricted Public Access		Slow Rate Irrigation for Urban Reuse- Unrestricted Public Access	Unrestricted Water Reuse (High Potential for Human Contact)
	Class I	Class II	Class III	Class IV
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5 day) (monthly average)	70 mg/l	10 mg/l	10 mg/l	10 mg/l
Suspended Solids (monthly average for Classes I &II) or Turbidity (NTU)	90 mg/l	10 mg/l	2 NTU (daily average) Not to exceed 5 NTU at any time	2 NTU (daily average) Not to exceed 5 NTU at any time
E. coli (MPN per 100 mL) (monthly median) Or meet the Fecal Coliform limit below	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 Monthly max not to exceed 23 MPN/100ml
Fecal Coliform (MPN per 100 mL) (monthly geometric mean)	200 3 (golf course)	3	2.2	2.2 (monthly median) Monthly max not to exceed 23 MPN/100ml
pH	6.5 - 8.5	6.5 - 8.5	6.5 - 8.5	6.5 - 8.5
Total Nitrogen (monthly average)	Case by case	Case by case	Case by case	10 mg/l
Total residual chlorine at outlet of the wastewater treatment plant, wwtp)	Case by case	Case by case	Case by case	1.5-4 mg/l at outlet of WWTP 0.5-4.0 mg/l at monitoring locations in the distribution system nearby point of use



Class IV Reclaimed Water Acceptable Types of Reuse

Reuse Category	Type of Reuse	Related Classes
Commercial, Industrial, and Government owned Facilities	Aesthetic Fountains, Ponds and Lagoons; Car Washing; Closed Loop Cooling; Equipment Operation; Fire Protection; Laundering; Parts Cleaning; Pressure Cleaning; Snow Making; Toilet and Urinal Flushing; and Window Washing.	None
Other Industrial	Aggregate Washing; Concrete Mixing; Cooling Water Systems; Dust Control and Soil Compaction; and Manufacturing Processes.	None
Residential Outdoor Irrigation	Lawns and Non-edible vegetation.	None
Non-residential Irrigation	Cemeteries; Golf Courses; Highway Landscaping; Lawns; Parks; Play Grounds; School Yards; and other Green Open Spaces.	Class III
Irrigation with Restricted Access and Applicable Buffer Zone	Fiber and Seed Crops; Food Crops Commercially Processed; Forested Land; Golf Courses; Non-Food Crops; Pasture For Foraging Livestock; Silviculture; Sod Farms, Ornamental Nurseries, and Turf (including Fodder);	Classes I, II, and III





MDE Guidelines for Use of Class IV Reclaimed Water

The guidelines include 14 chapters:

- Purpose and Scope;
- (2) General Conditions;
- (3) Types of Reuse vs Classes of Reclaimed Water;
- (4) Water Quality Treatment Standards;
- (5) Monitoring Requirements for Reuse of Class IV Reclaimed Water;
- (6) Applying for a Permit;
- (7) Design Criteria;
- (8) Construction Requirements;
- (9) Operations and Maintenance;
- (10) Requirements for the End-Use Location;
- (11) Access Control and Advisory Signs;
- (12) Recordkeeping;
- (13) Reporting; and
- (14) Definitions





Some Highlights of MDE Guidelines for Use of Class IV Reclaimed Water

- 1. A new discharge permit (or a modified NPDES permit for adding a reclaimed water outfall) and reclaimed system construction permit must be obtained from MDE. (Chapters 2&6)
- 2. Use of Class IV reclaimed water must comply with the applicable County Water and Sewerage Plan. (Chapter 2)
- 3. Use of Class IV effluent for fire protection (including sprinkler system), toilet and urinal flushing are permitted only for commercial buildings and condominiums managed by a property management company or other similar corporate entity acceptable to MDE.(Chapter 3)
- 4. Class IV applicable to commercial and industrial uses of reclaimed water involving high potential for human contact or other public health risks. The Department may allow lower quality water to be used on a case by case basis. (Chapter 3)
- 5. Monitoring the reclaimed water quality including parameters shown in the Class IV water quality standard table. On-line turbidity monitoring must be performed between filtration and disinfection process. Total residual chlorine must be monitored at treatment works and distribution system. (Chapter 5)



Some Highlights of MDE Guidelines for Use of Reclaimed Water (2)

- 6. A Reclaimed Water Management Plan (RWMP) must be submitted to MDE with the permit application. The RWMP must include service area map, cross-connection control, monitoring plan, service agreement with end users, etc. (Chapter 6)
- 7. All force mains for transmitting Class IV effluent must be purple color (or affixing purple adhesive tape) and provide adequate separation from water mains. (Chapter 7)
- 8. A "Reclaimed Water, Do Not Drink" sign shall be posted in the impoundment and irrigation area to inform the public about use of reclaimed water. (Chapter 10 & 11)







Examples of Class IV Projects in Maryland

1. Little Patuxent Water Reclamation Plant – Fort Meade Federal System Reclaimed Water Project.

2. Assateague Island National Seashore WWTP effluent reuse for toilet flushing.





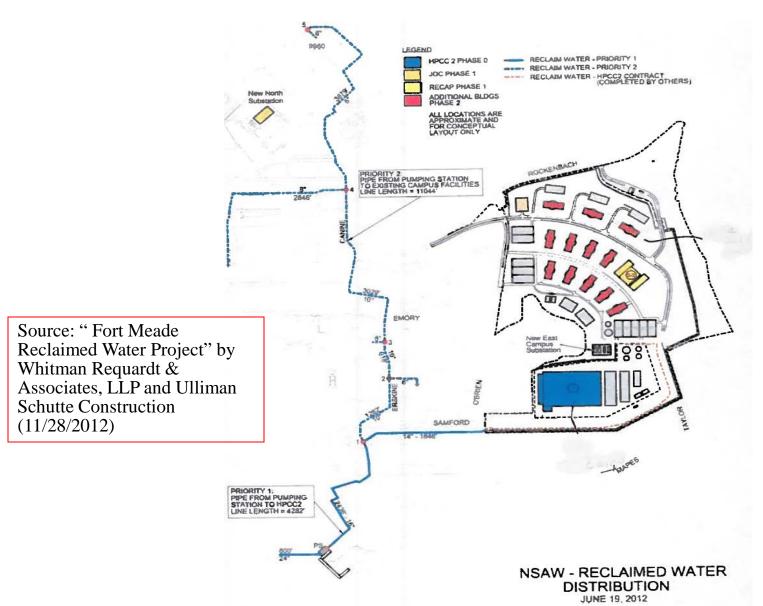
Little Patuxent - Fort Meade Reclaimed Water Project.

- 1. Use a total of 5 mgd reclaimed water from Little Patuxent WWTP for building and equipment cooling at the Fort Meade Federal Facility.
- 2. The NPDES permit (13-DP-1421, effective 10/1/2014) of Little Patuxent WWTP was modified to include Outfall 102 (Reclaimed Water Pumping Station) for delivery of reclaimed water.
- 3. The permit requires: (1) effluent must be chlorinated and maintain adequate level of free chlorine residual. Rechlorination must be provided at reclaimed water tank of Federal facility; (2) use an alternate water source if the turbidity of the reclaimed water is greater than 5 NTU.





Conceptual Layout – NSA Reclaimed Water Distribution

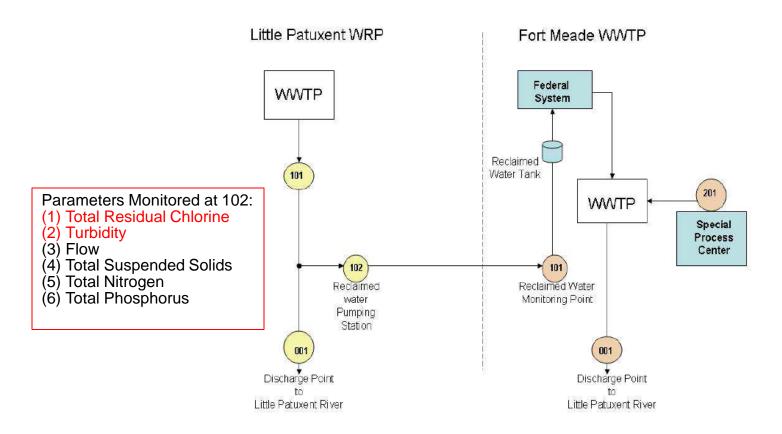






Effluent Monitoring Diagram

FLOW DIAGRAM





Source: NPDES permit MD 0055174



Assateague Island National Seashore WWTP Use of Reclaimed Water.

- 1. Use reclaimed water from Assateague Island National Seashore WWTP for toilet flushing in the visitor center.
- 2. The NPDES permit (MD0021091, effective 10/1/2011) of Assateague Island National Seashore WWTP was modified to include Outfall 002 for effluent reuse.
- 3. The permit requires: (1) effluent must meet Class IV reclaimed water quality standards; (2) permittee is obligated to meet local applicable plumbing code for indoor plumbing installation; and (3) use of reclaimed water for toilet flushing shall be terminated if the water quality limitation is violated. Use of reclaimed water can be resumed once the water quality limitation can be steady met.





Water Quality Limitations for Effluent Reuse at Assateague Island National Seashore WWTP

Parameters	Class IV Water Quality Limitation	Sampling Frequency	Sample Type
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5 day) (monthly average)	10 mg/l	Weekly	8hr Composite
Turbidity (NTU)	2 NTU (daily average) Not to exceed 5 NTU at any time	Continuous	Recorded
E. Coli (MPN per ml, Monthly Geometric Mean) or meet the Fecal Coliform limit below	1.0	Weekly	Grab
Fecal Coliform (all samples) (MPN per 100 ml)	2.2	Weekly	Grab
рН	6.5-8.5	Daily	Grab
Total residual chlorine (all samples)	0.5-4.0 mg/l	Daily	Grab





Proposed Reclaimed Water Projects at MDE

- Mattawoman WWTP Panda- Brandywine L.P. and CPV Maryland, LLC Power Plant (reclaimed water used for cooling system). Proposed reclaimed water flow about 2 mgd.
- Piscataway WWTP Mattawoman Power Plant (reclaimed water used for cooling system) Proposed reclaimed water flow about 5 mgd.
- 3. Smithsonian Environmental Research Center (13-DP-3562) project use of reclaimed water for toilet flushing (100-200 gpd), lawn irrigation (15,000 gal/mo for 6 months) and fire protection (20,000 gpd storage volume).





Thank You!

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Questions (?)









